

# MISO User Manual

**MISO** stands for

**Mix**

**Invert**

**Scale**

**Offset**

**Mix:** Mix and sum signals

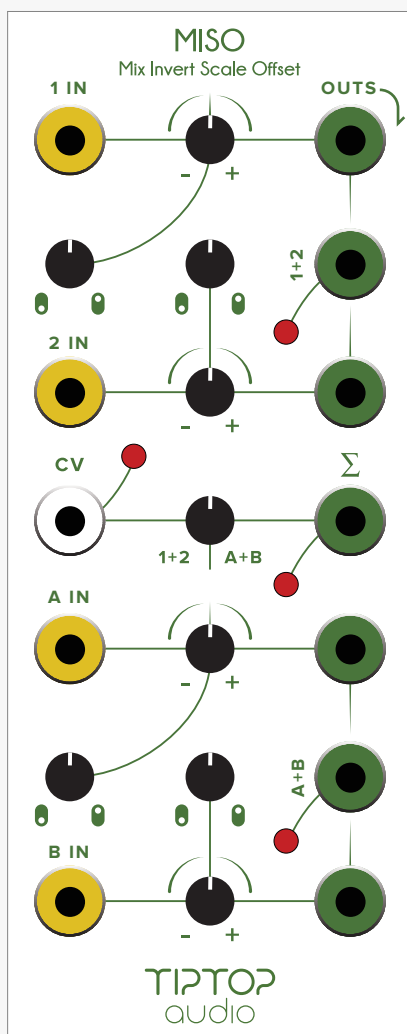
**Invert:** Invert signal while performing gain

**Scale:** Gain for signal

**Offset:** Adds a static DC voltage to signal

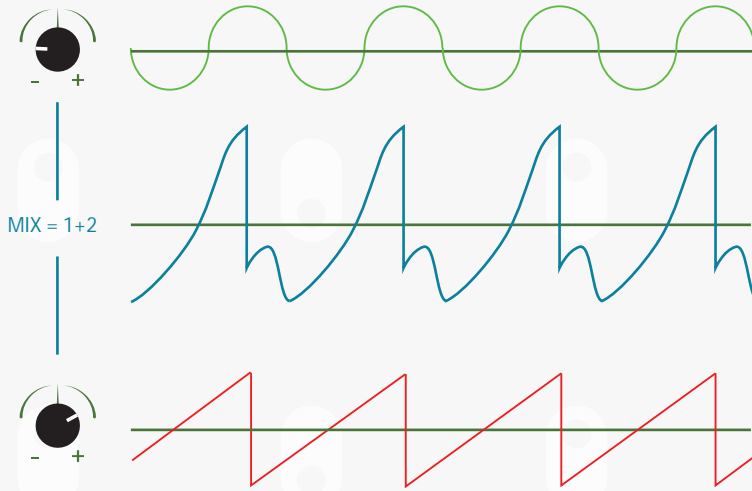
MISO is a utility module by Tiptop Audio that can be used in multiple ways: scale and invert up to four independent signals, offset four independent signals, mix four signals, and crossfade between signals.

MISO can be used to process all the signals you will find in a Eurorack setup: CV, Audio, Gates and Triggers. MISO can be used in a planned manner to adjust and craft signals in details or used without planning for blending signals for inspiring and unexpected results

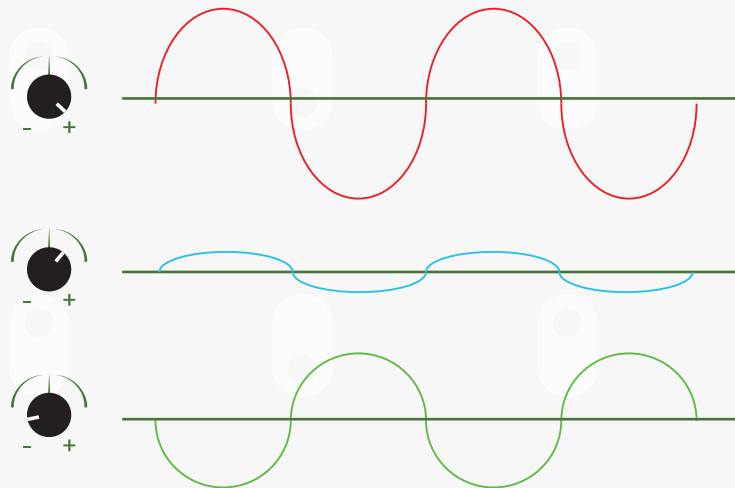


Here you can see a visualization of MISO's functions.

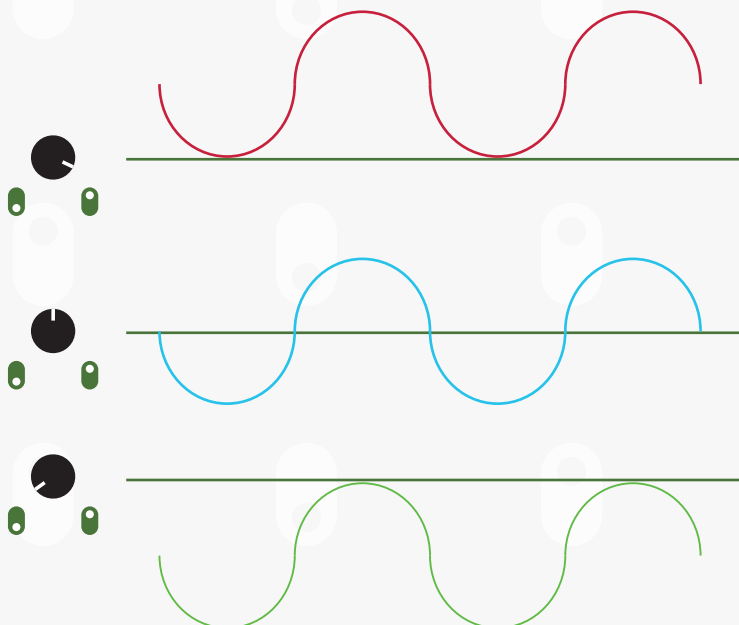
### MIX



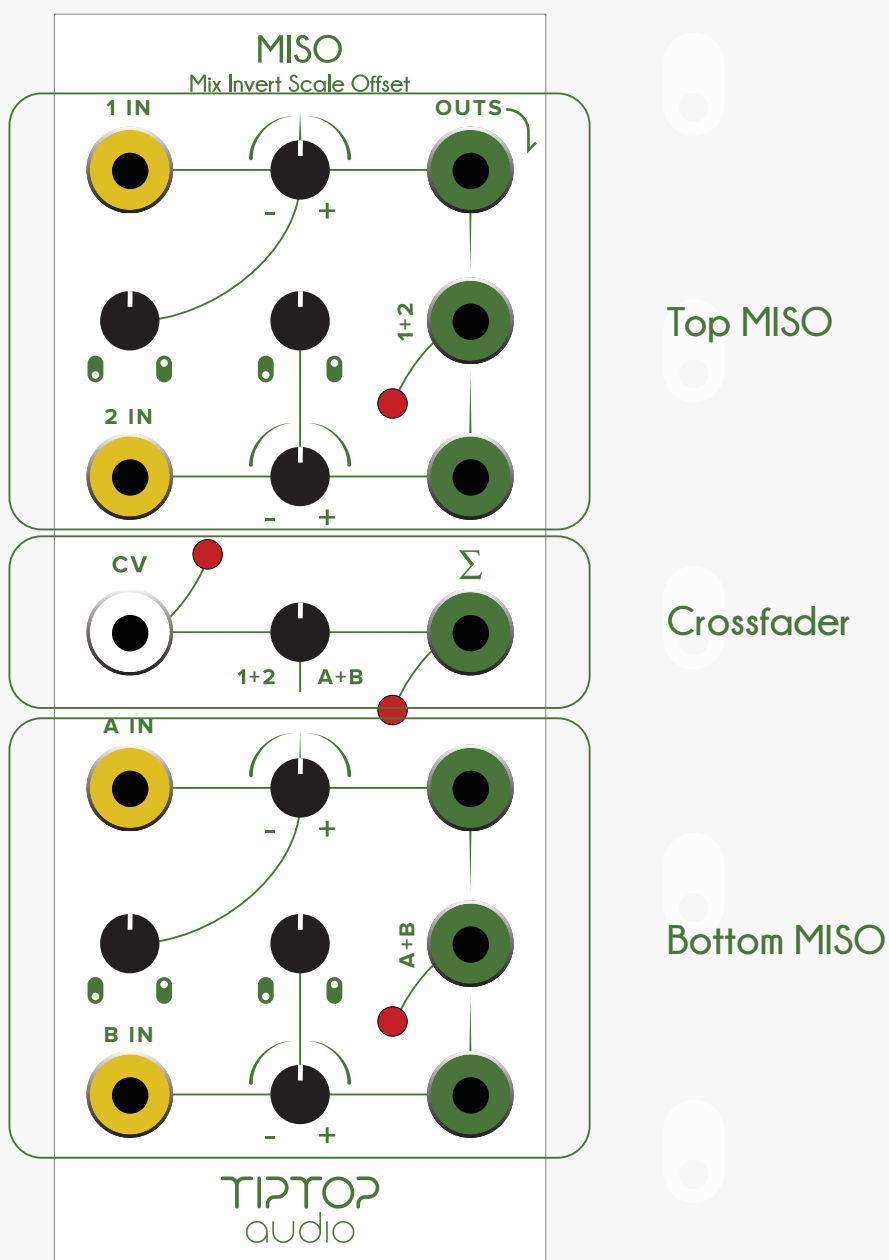
### Scale & Invert



### Offset



There are two MISO sections in each MISO module, one on the top and one on the bottom. Top MISO is labeled **1** and **2**. Bottom MISO is labeled **A** and **B**. Both top and bottom sections of MISO are identical and can be used independently. At the center of the module is a voltage controlled **crossfader** allowing you to mix between the top and bottom section of MISO.



Each MISO contains two channels (1/2 + A/B).

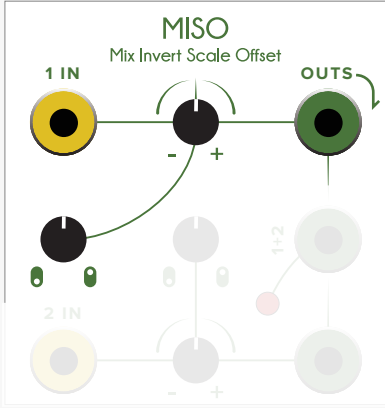
Each channel has:

**IN** jack (Input)

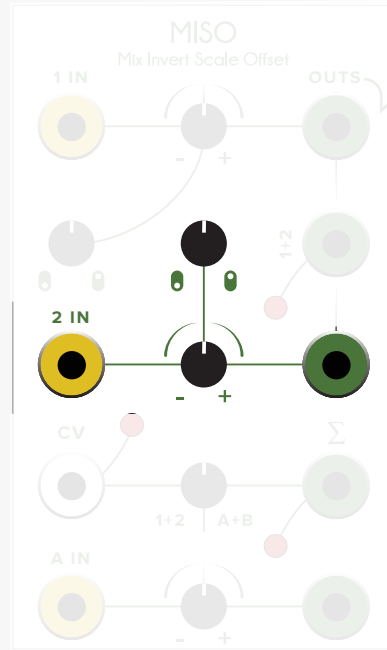
**Scale / Invert** knob

**Offset** knob

**OUT** jack (Output)

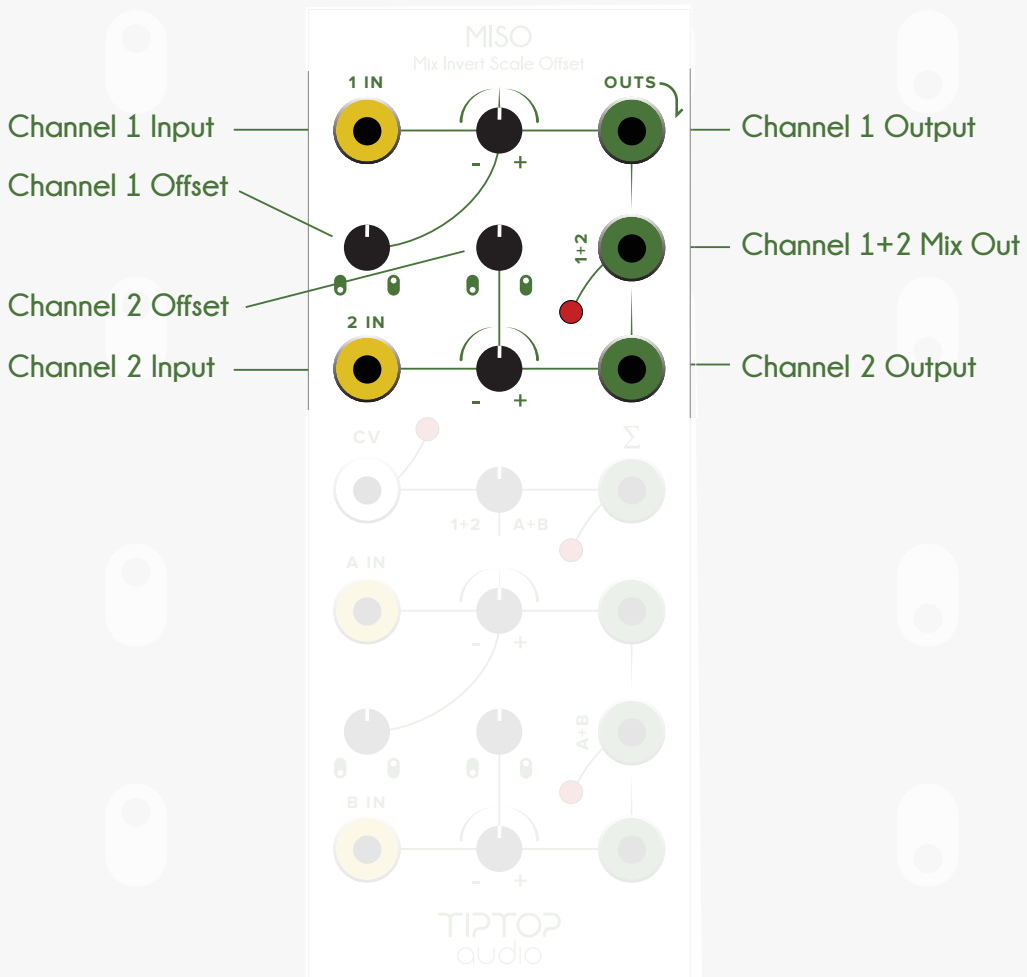


Top MISO Channel 1

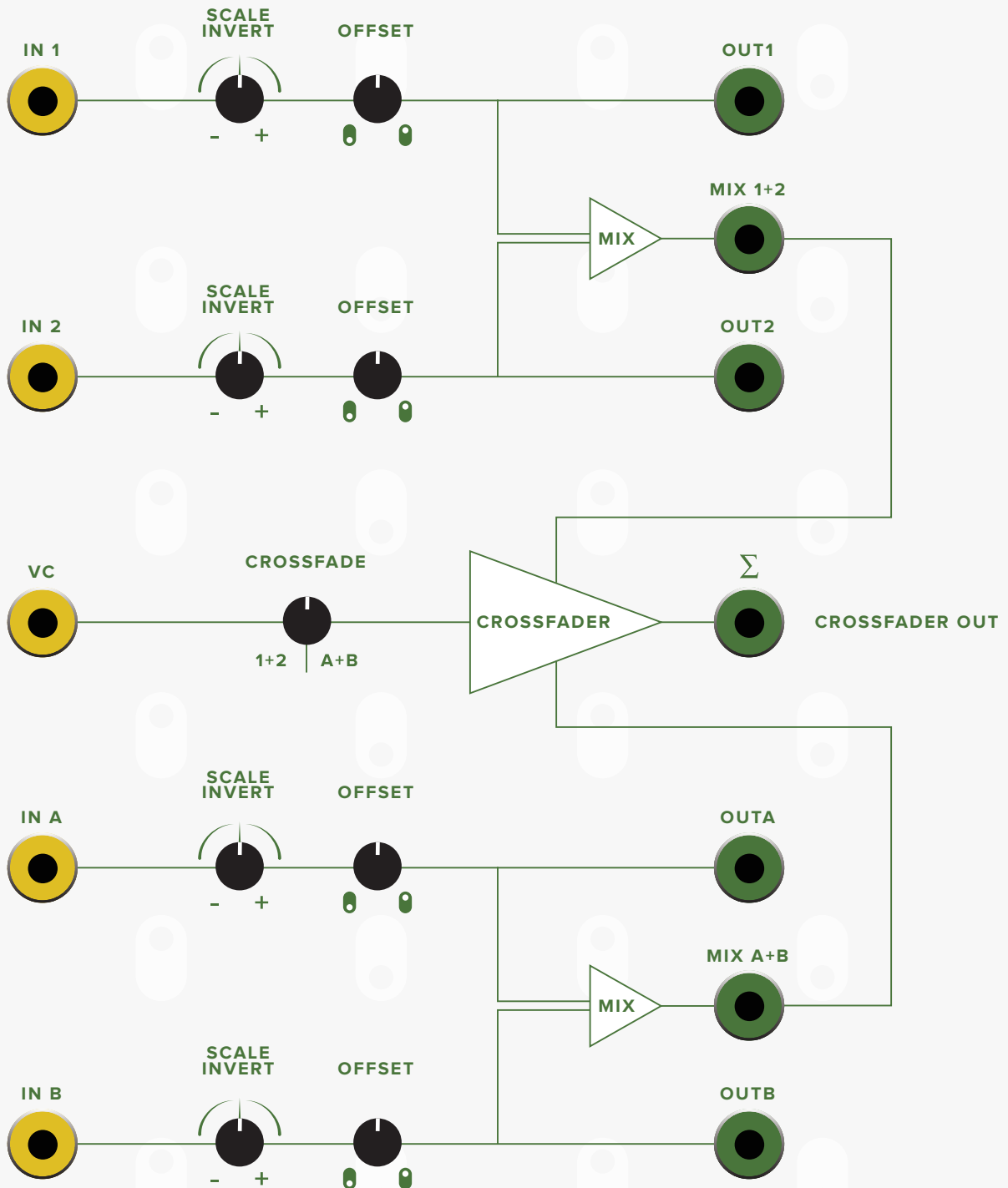


Top MISO Channel 2

A Mix Out jack provides the mix of the channels. The LED indicates the mix output level and polarity, yellow is positive voltage and red is negative voltage.

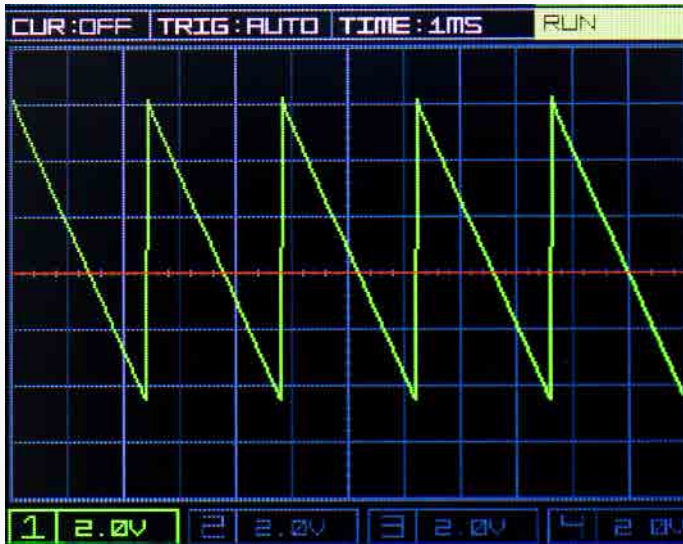


All together, MISO signal flow looks like this:



Here are some oscilloscope images. At the input is a sawtooth wave from a Z3000 VCO into IN1, and the output at OUT1.

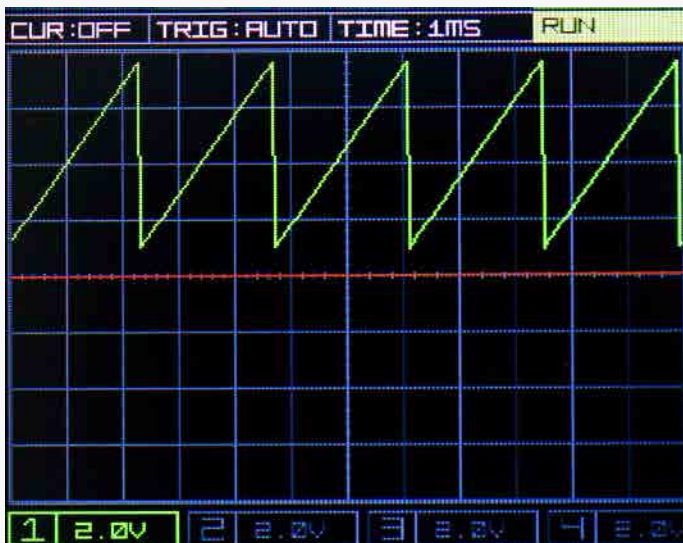
INPUT



OUTPUT: INVERTED



OUTPUT: INVERTED + POSITIVE OFFSET



OUTPUT: POSITIVE OFFSET

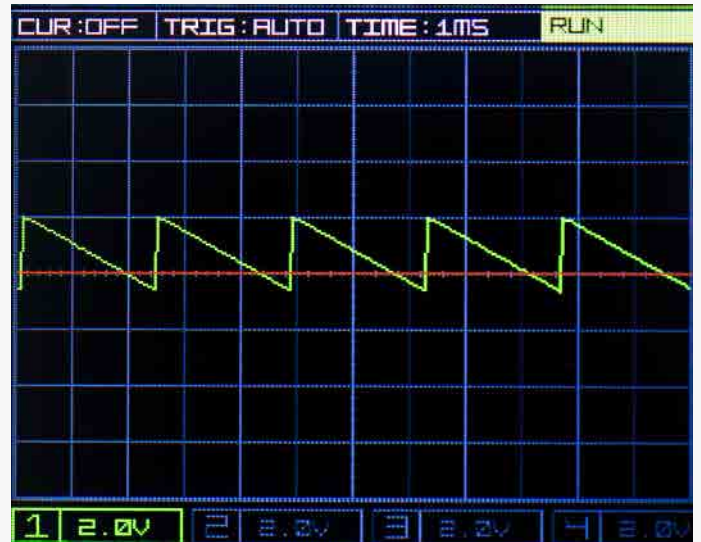




### OUTPUT: NEGATIVE OFFSET



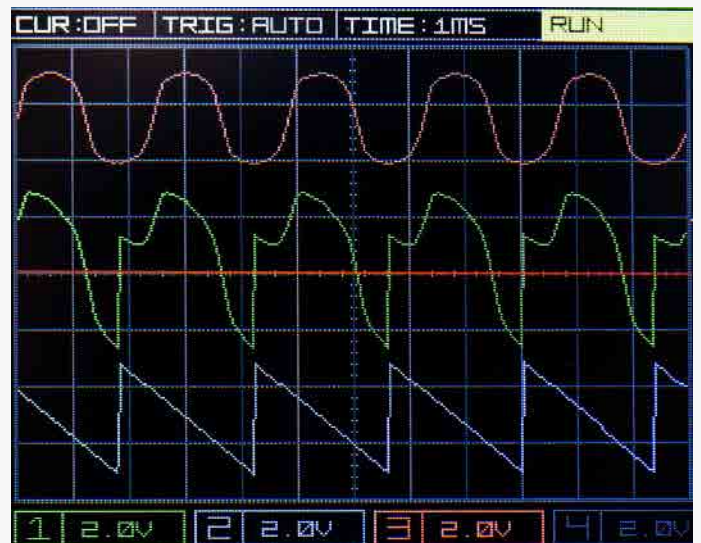
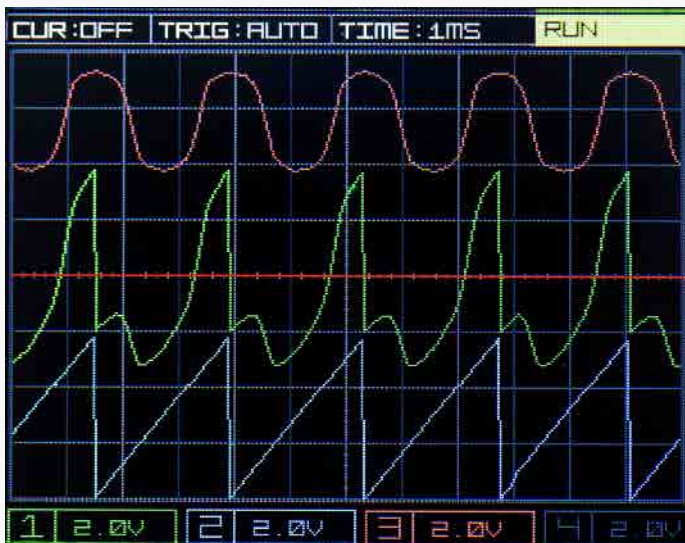
### OUTPUT: NEGATIVE OFFSET



Here are some oscilloscope images.

IN 1 is a sawtooth wave and IN 2 is a sine wave, both from the Tiptop Audio Z3000 VCO. At the center, in green, is the combined output of MIX 1+2.

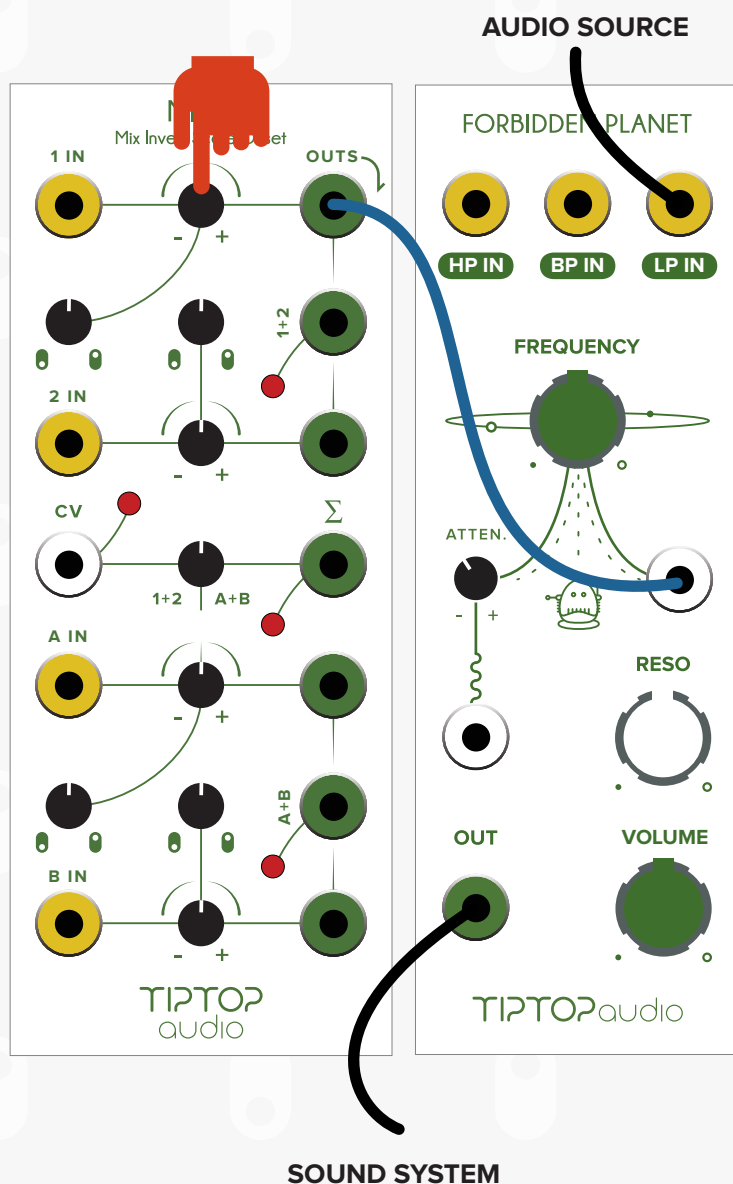
$$\text{MIX A+B=C}$$





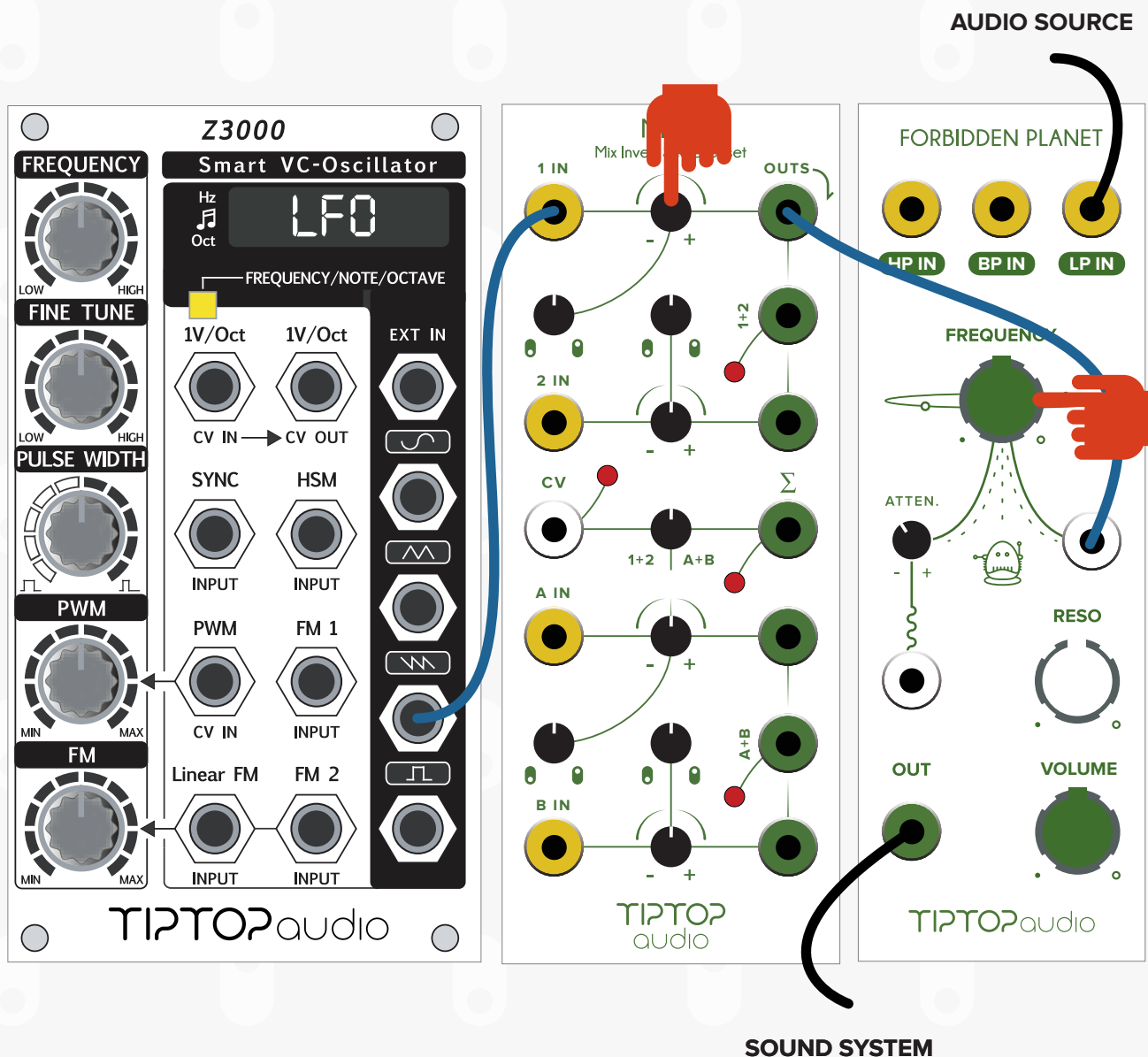
Let's get started.

- 1 Set all the knobs on MISO to the center, 12 o'clock, all LEDs are OFF.
- 2 Patch channel 1 OUT to CV IN on your filter.
- 3 Patch audio into the filter IN and the filter OUT to your speakers.
- 4 Turn channel 1 Offset knob, it will open and close your filter. This is the Offset generator, it is working as a manual CV generator.



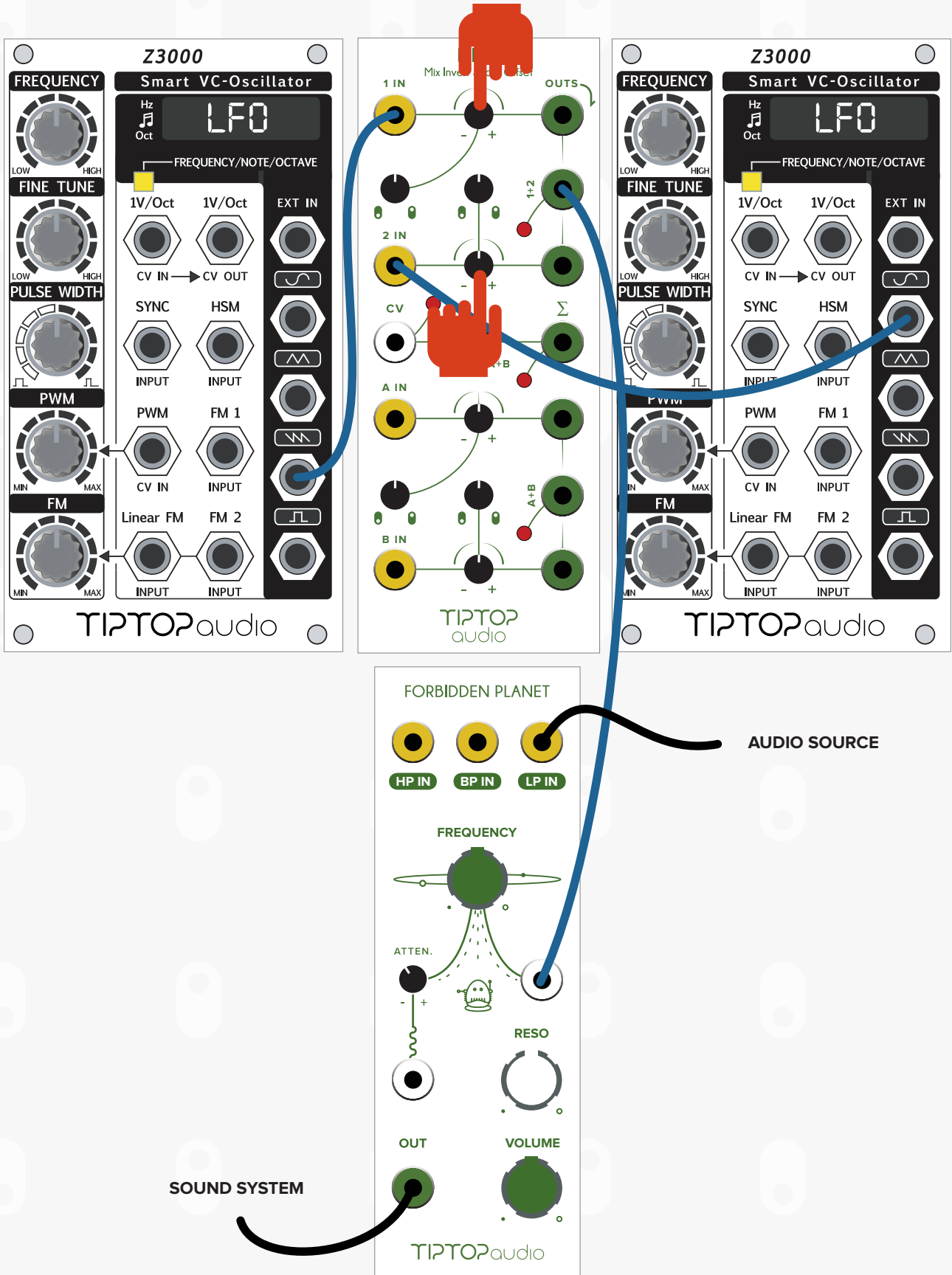
Reset the MISO offset to center.

- 1 Patch a Sawtooth wave from your Z3000 (or any other LFO) to channel 1 IN jack
- 2 Set the Z3000 to LFO, start turning the Scale/Invert knob to the right and the Sawtooth starts opening the filter.
- 3 Turn the knob the other way around and the signal gets inverted.
- 4 Re-adjust the cutoff knob on your filter to get a feel for it.



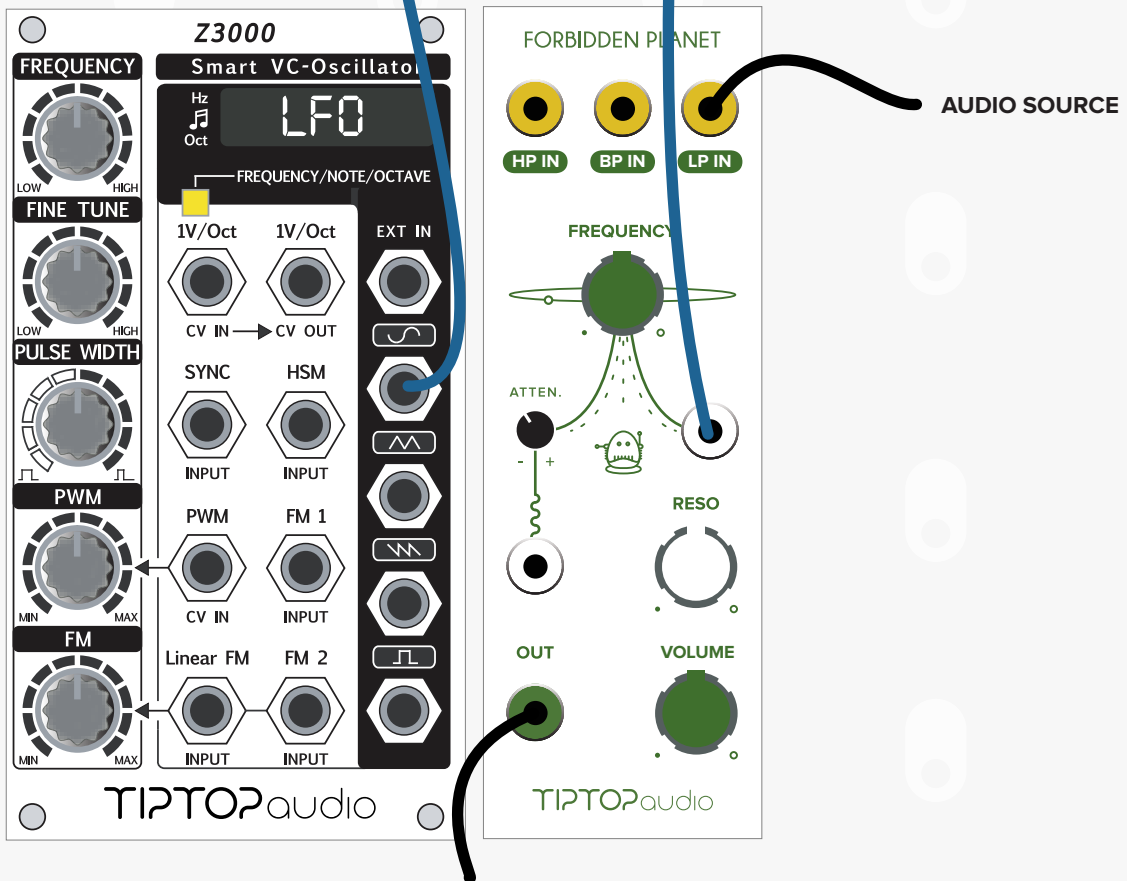
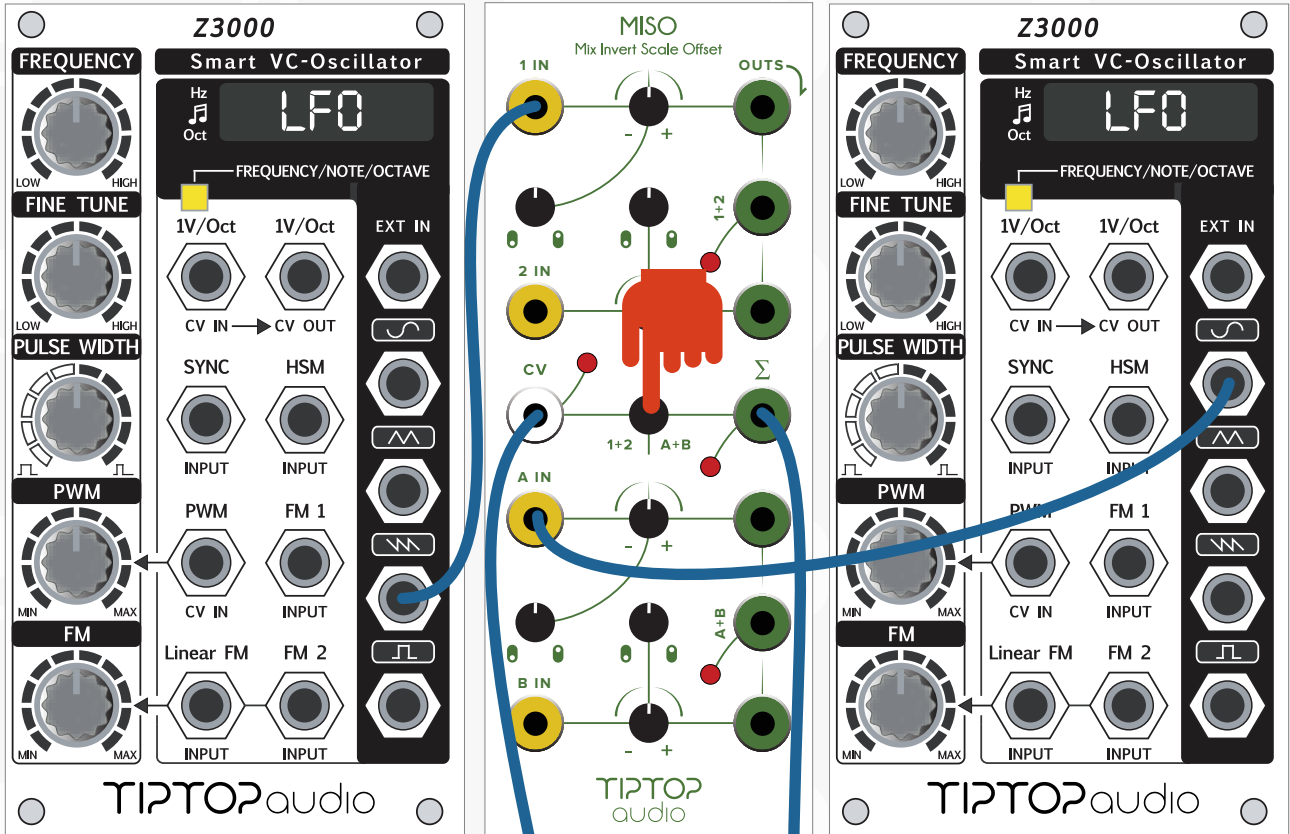
Each MISO section has two channels (1/2 + A/B) that are mixed, lets try that.

- 1 Remove the patch from OUT 1 and patch it to OUT 1+2.
- 2 Patch a Sine wave from another Z3000 into IN 2.
- 3 Open the Scale/Invert and hear how IN 1 and IN 2 are now mixed, play with all four knobs to get complex shapes modulating your filter.



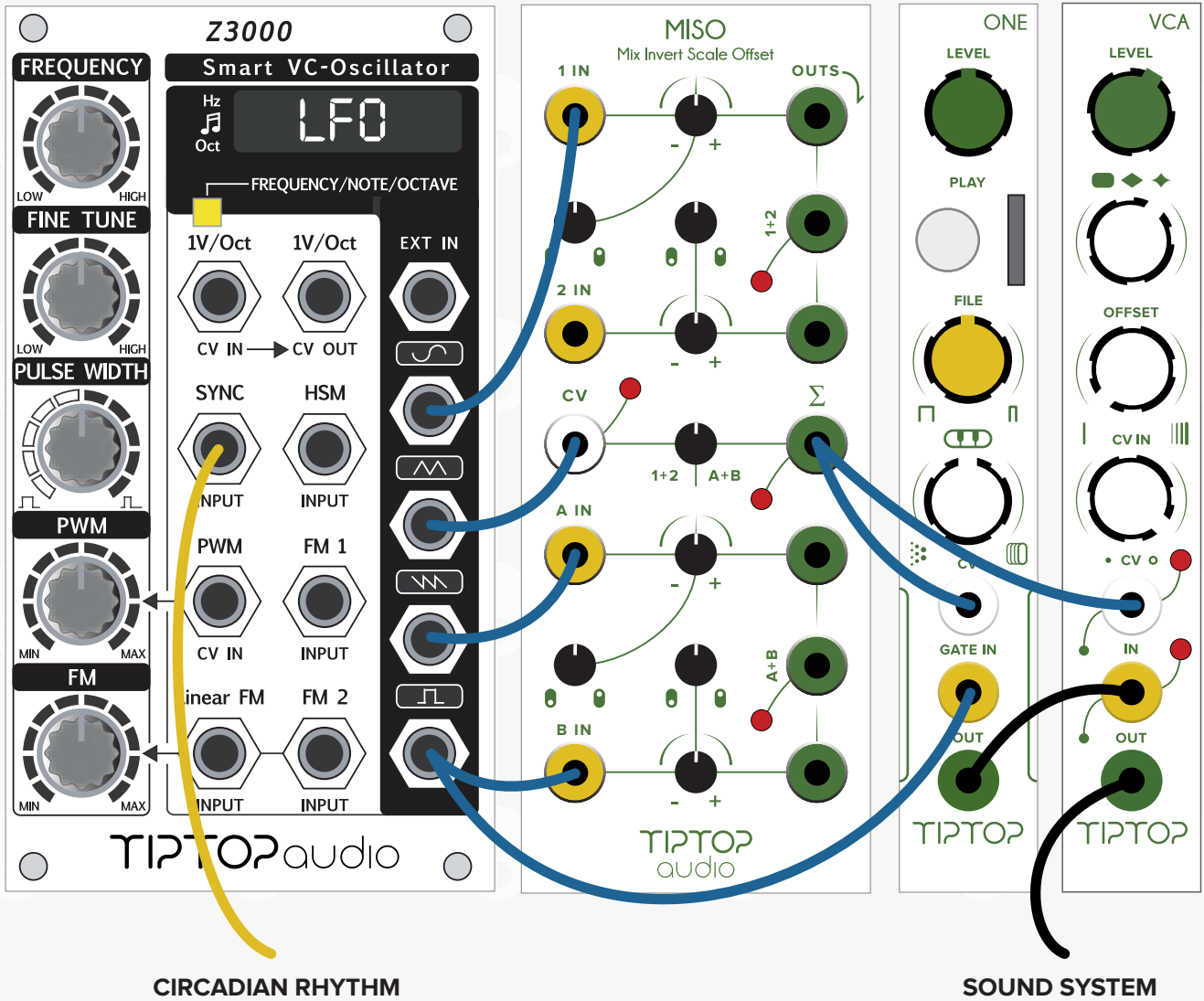
Patch more signals into the lower MISO. Now let's use the crossfader. The crossfader mixes between the 1+2 OUT and the A+B OUT.

- 1 Patch the filter CV to the Greek Sigma jack, Sigma represents the function Sum in math, and is basically the Sum of the cross fader inputs.
- 2 Rotate the crossfader knob to hear how it fades between 1+2 to A+B. You can use another CV source to modulate the crossfader.



SOUND SYSTEM

As you can see MISO can be used to Scale, Invert or Offset any of the signals found in Eurorack. The real fun with MISO is revealed when you patch in multiple sources of CV and have MISO's controls apply changes to them, mix them and cross fade to create complex CV shapes to control other modules. The level of chaos you can achieve is limited only by your imagination. Below are a few patch examples to get you inspired.



### CIRCADIAN RHYTHM

GROUP	PRESET	STEPS	CHANNEL	MUTE	GROUP LOOP ON/OFF	SET LOOP	PRESET LOOP ON/OFF	ZOOM
1	16TH	DIN	DAW		COPY	PASTE	CLEAR	
2					RND/CHAOS	CLK IN/EXT	SWING	
3					BEAT	TAP TEMPO	RESET	1x64
4					FILL	SYNC/BOSS	GLOBAL	2x32
5					TRIG1	TRIG2	TRIG3	4x16
6	A	B	C	D	TRIG4	TRIG5	TRIG6	8x8
7	E	F	G	H	TRIG7	TRIG8	ST/STOP	VERTICAL
8								

HOLD ON POWER-UP TO LOAD USB

### Z8000 MATRIX SEQUENCER/PROGRAMMER

RESET	DIRECTION	CLOCK	A	B	C	D	CV1
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							

RT DIR CK RT DIR CK

### Z-DSP VC-DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSOR

24 BIT / Variable Clock

IN 1 IN 1 VC DSP1 VC DSP2 VC DSP3 IN 2 IN 2

FDB IN 1 FDB 1 VC-P1 VC-P2 VC-P3 FDB 2 FDB 2

OUT 1 OUT 2

VC MIX

SEQUENTIAL PROGRAM CONTROL

TRIGGER FWD/REV VC-PR

TIPTOP audio

### ONE

LEVEL PLAY FILE

CV CV

TIPTOP

### VCA

LEVEL OFFSET

CV IN

TIPTOP

### Z4000 VC-EG

ATK SLOPE A D S R

ATTEN. DEVIATER SHOOT

GATE IN OUT

TIPTOP audio

### MISO

Max Invert Scale Control

1 IN 2 IN CV

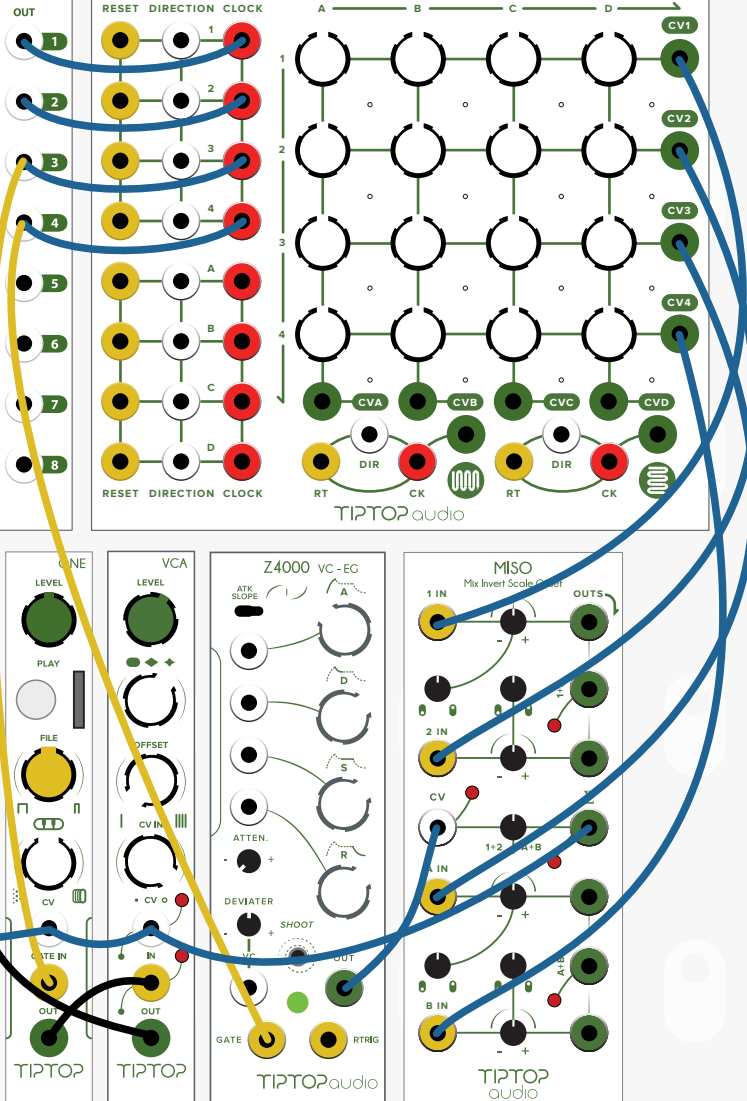
OUTS

TIPTOP audio

SOUND SYSTEM



- CLOCK
- OUT
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- SWING
- CLOCK OUT
- RESET OUT
- CLOCK IN
- RESET IN



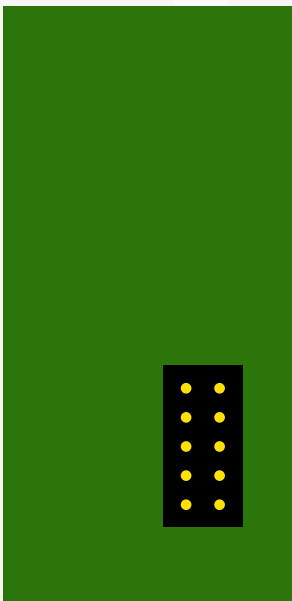
## Connecting Modules to Power

When shipped from the factory the module will have the power ribbon cable correctly connected to the module. If the cable is removed at some point, use the following instructions to reconnect the module to power:

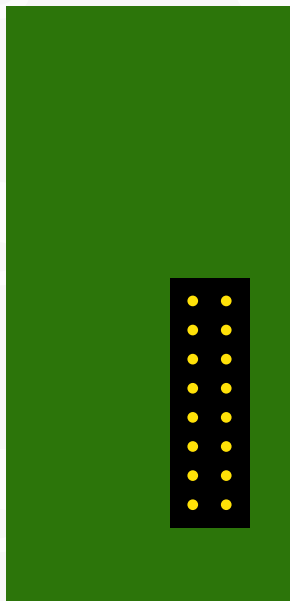
- 1 Locate the power header on the rear of the module circuit board. It may have one or two rows of pins and have 5 or 8 pins per row. Make sure the header is not labeled SyncBus.
- 2 Check the circuit board near the bottom pin of the power header for printing that says 'Red Line' or '-12V'. This may be faintly printed so use good lighting and a magnifier to locate it.
- 3 Plug the cable into the power header with the red line on the cable matching with the printing. Double check that all of the pins are covered by the connector!

Here are the three types of power connectors available on Tiptop Audio modules:

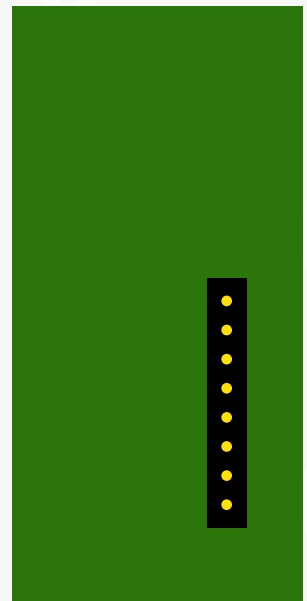
Connect using Tiptop  
10 pin to 16 pin power cable



Connect using Tiptop  
16 pin to 16 pin power cable



Connect using Tiptop  
16 pin to 16 pin power cable  
Connect either two



### MISO SPECS:

Size: 10HP – Depth: 42mm

Power Consumption: +12V 55ma / -12V 55ma

Input voltage range: +/-10V

Output voltage range: +/-10V

Crossfade CV voltage range: +/-10V

Max offset: +/-10V